

# **Calculation Methods**





#### PROGRESSION THROUGH CALCULATIONS FOR ADDITION



	8+5=13 First, add 2 to make 10 and then add 3 to make 13.	
	Use a number line or a hundred square to count onwards in tens and units.	34+23=57 +10 +1 +1 +1 +10
		34 44 54 55 56 57
	(Scan the QR code to see a pupil demonstrating)	
	When adding 9 to a number, add 10 and take 1	5+9=
	away.	5+10=15
		-1 =14
	Recall number bonds to 20 in your head.	8+2=10 18+2=20
Progression Step 2	Partition tens and units	56= 50+6
	Count on from the largest	38 + 86 = 124
	order of the calculation.	+30 +4 +4
		86 116 120 124

Partition tens and units	37+15
	Add the tens30+10=40Add the units7+5=12Add the tens and units40+12=52
<u>Column Addition</u> Ensure understanding of place value. Start with adding the units.	46 <u>+23</u> <u>89</u>
(Scan the QR code to see a pupil demonstrating)	
Once the previous method is understood, start adding from the units column and carry over if needed.	$ \begin{array}{c} 28 + 35 \\ 20 \text{ plus 30 is 50} \\ 50 \text{ add the} \\ 2 8 \\ 3 \\ 6 3 \\ 1 \\ 6 3 \\ 6 3 \\ 1 \\ 8 \text{ plus 5 is 13} \\ (10 + 3) \\ 3 \\ 6 3 \\ 6 3 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1$
Extend the 'carrying' method to numbers with more digits.	$\begin{array}{c} 368 + 494 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 60 \\ 150 \\ add the \\ carried' 10 \\ is 160 \\ \hline 700 \\ add the \\ carried' 100 \\ \hline 700 \\ add the \\ \hline carried' 100 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 608 + 494 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 608 + 494 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 608 + 494 \\ \hline 8 \\$

		7648 6584 42
	Pupils should extend the	<u>+1486</u> <u>+5848</u> 6432
	'carrying' method to	<u>9134</u> <u>12432</u> 786
	number with any number of	1 1 1 1 1 1 <b>3</b>
	digits.	<u>+ 4681</u>
		<u>11944</u>
Progression Step 3	Decimal addition Always line up the decimal point when setting out the sum.	5.6 + 2.8 $5.6 + 2.8$ $5.6 + 2.8$ $5.6 + 2.8$ $5.6 + 2.8$ $5.6 + 2.8$ $6.4 + 2.8$ $6.4 + 2.8 + 2.8$ $6.4 + 2.8 + 2.8 + 3.4 + 5.6 + 8.4$ $6.4 - 2.8 + 5.6 + 8.4$ $8.4 - 2.8 + 5.6 + 8.4$ $8.4 - 2.8 + 5.6 + 8.4$



#### PROGRESSION THROUGH CALCULATIONS FOR SUBTRATION



	Count back on a number line or hundred square to count back over 10 13-5	13 - 5 = 8 $-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1$ $0 -1 -2 -3 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1$
	When subtracting 9 from a number, subtract 10 then add 1.	23-9= 23-10=13 +1 =14
	Use a number line or 100 square to count forwards to discover the difference.	+1 +2 39 40 42 42-39=3
	Count forwards in jumps of 10 and jumps of 1.	53 - 32 = $+10 + 10 + 1 = 21$ $32  42  52  53$
Progression Step 2	Discover the difference by subtracting and counting backwards in steps. 47-23=24 (Scan the QR code to see a pupil demonstrating)	$\frac{-1}{24} \xrightarrow{-1}{25} \xrightarrow{-1}{26} \xrightarrow{-1}{27} \xrightarrow{-10}{37} \xrightarrow{-10}{47}$

	Column Subtraction Traditional method, ensure largest number on top, line up the units. Begin with subtracting the units.	89 - <u>57</u> <u>32</u>
	Move onto calculations that you will need to borrow from next door as the number on top is smaller than the number on the bottom.	72 - 48 $7 - 48$ $7 - 48$ $7 - 48$ $6 - 0 + 8$ $6 - 0 + 12$ $7 - 48 = 24$ $72 - 24 = 48$ $72 - 24 = 48$ $72 - 48 = 24$ $72 - 24 = 48$ $24 + 48 = 72$ $48 + 24 = 72$
Progression Step 3	Decimal Subtraction Use knowledge of number bonds and place value to subtract.	0.5 - 0.31 = 0.19 0.19 0.2 0.5 -0.01 -0.3
	Subtract decimals using column subtraction. The decimal point remains in the same place. Always start from the units.	0 1 5 1 176 . 48 <u>93 . 72</u> 82 . 76





#### PROGRESSION THROUGH CALCULATIONS FOR MULTIPLICATION



Pupils should know that 3 x 5 has the same answer as 5 x 3. Use multiplication	This can also be shown on the number line.         0       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8       9       10       11       12       13       14       15				
2,3,4,5, and 10.	2 0 + 2 - 0 1 + 2 - 2 2 + 2 - 4 4 + 2 - 5 5 + 2 - 10 7 - 2 - 15 7 - 2 - 25 10 - 2 -	3 0 - 3 - 0 2 - 3 - 0 4 - 3 - 1 2 - 3 - 0 4 - 3 - 12 4 - 3 - 12 4 - 3 - 12 4 - 3 - 12 4 - 3 - 13 7 - 3 - 23 7 - 3 - 23 1 - 3 - 33 1 - 3 - 3 1 - 3 - 4 2 - 3 - 4 3 - 5 1 - 3 - 4 3 - 5 1 - 3 1 -	5 0 + 5 - 0 1 - 5 - 5 2 - 2 - 10 2 - 2 - 10 3 - 5 - 50 1 - 5	100 0 + 10 = -0 2 + 10 = -10 3 + 10 = -10 4 + 10 = -0 7 + 10 = -10 7 + 10 = -10	I X 4 = 4         X 4 = 8         X 4 = 18         X 4 = 16         X 4 = 16         X 4 = 24         X 4 = 24         X 4 = 24         X 4 = 86         0 X 4 = 36         10 X 4 = 40         11 X 4 = 44         2x 4 = 45         Phenemistry transmission
Use symbols = and x to complete number sentences.			10 × 4 5 × _	4 = = 10	
Using symbols to stand for unknown numbers to complete equations using inverse operations	□ x 5 = 20	3.	x	□ x	O = 32
Grid method to partition tens and	×	10	6		40
units.	4	40	24		64

Progression Step 3							
	Recall all fimes	1x table	2x table	3x table	4x table	5x table	6x table
	Tadies 1-12	$1 \times 1 = 1$ $2 \times 1 = 2$ $3 \times 1 = 3$ $4 \times 1 = 4$ $5 \times 1 = 5$ $6 \times 1 = 6$ $7 \times 1 = 7$ $8 \times 1 = 8$ $9 \times 1 = 9$ $10 \times 1 = 10$ $11 \times 1 = 11$ $12 \times 1 = 12$	$1 \times 2 = 2$ $2 \times 2 = 4$ $3 \times 2 = 6$ $4 \times 2 = 8$ $5 \times 2 = 10$ $6 \times 2 = 12$ $7 \times 2 = 14$ $8 \times 2 = 16$ $9 \times 2 = 18$ $10 \times 2 = 20$ $11 \times 2 = 22$ $12 \times 2 = 24$	$1 \times 3 = 3$ $2 \times 3 = 6$ $3 \times 3 = 9$ $4 \times 3 = 12$ $5 \times 3 = 18$ $7 \times 3 = 21$ $8 \times 3 = 24$ $9 \times 3 = 27$ $10 \times 3 = 30$ $11 \times 3 = 33$ $12 \times 3 = 36$	$1 \times 4 = 4$ $2 \times 4 = 8$ $3 \times 4 = 12$ $4 \times 4 = 16$ $5 \times 4 = 24$ $7 \times 4 = 28$ $8 \times 4 = 32$ $9 \times 4 = 36$ $10 \times 4 = 40$ $11 \times 4 = 44$ $12 \times 4 = 48$	$1 \times 5 = 5$ $2 \times 5 = 10$ $3 \times 5 = 15$ $4 \times 5 = 20$ $5 \times 5 = 25$ $6 \times 5 = 30$ $7 \times 5 = 35$ $8 \times 5 = 40$ $9 \times 5 = 45$ $10 \times 5 = 55$ $11 \times 5 = 55$ $12 \times 5 = 60$	$1 \times 6 = 6$ $2 \times 6 = 12$ $3 \times 6 = 18$ $4 \times 6 = 24$ $5 \times 6 = 36$ $7 \times 6 = 42$ $8 \times 6 = 48$ $9 \times 6 = 54$ $10 \times 6 = 60$ $11 \times 6 = 66$ $12 \times 6 = 72$
		7x table	8x table	9x table	10x table	11x table	12x table
		$\begin{array}{c} 1\times7=7\\ 2\times7=14\\ 3\times7=21\\ 4\times7=28\\ 5\times7=35\\ 6\times7=42\\ 7\times7=49\\ 8\times7=56\\ 9\times7=63\\ 10\times7=70\\ 11\times7=77\\ 12\times7=84\end{array}$	$1 \times 8 = 8$ $2 \times 8 = 16$ $3 \times 8 = 24$ $4 \times 8 = 32$ $5 \times 8 = 40$ $6 \times 8 = 48$ $7 \times 8 = 56$ $8 \times 8 = 64$ $9 \times 8 = 72$ $10 \times 8 = 80$ $11 \times 8 = 88$ $12 \times 8 = 96$	$1 \times 9 = 9$ $2 \times 9 = 18$ $3 \times 9 = 27$ $4 \times 9 = 36$ $5 \times 9 = 45$ $6 \times 9 = 54$ $7 \times 9 = 63$ $8 \times 9 = 72$ $9 \times 9 = 81$ $10 \times 9 = 90$ $11 \times 9 = 99$ $12 \times 9 = 108$	$1 \times 10 = 10$ $2 \times 10 = 20$ $3 \times 10 = 30$ $4 \times 10 = 40$ $5 \times 10 = 50$ $6 \times 10 = 60$ $7 \times 10 = 70$ $8 \times 10 = 80$ $9 \times 10 = 90$ $10 \times 10 = 100$ $11 \times 10 = 110$ $12 \times 10 = 120$	$1 \times 11 = 11 \\ 2 \times 11 = 22 \\ 3 \times 11 = 33 \\ 4 \times 11 = 55 \\ 6 \times 11 = 55 \\ 6 \times 11 = 66 \\ 7 \times 11 = 77 \\ 8 \times 11 = 88 \\ 9 \times 11 = 99 \\ 10 \times 11 = 110 \\ 11 \times 11 = 121 \\ 12 \times 11 = 132$	$1 \times 12 = 12$ $2 \times 12 = 24$ $3 \times 12 = 36$ $4 \times 12 = 48$ $5 \times 12 = 60$ $6 \times 12 = 72$ $7 \times 12 = 84$ $8 \times 12 = 96$ $9 \times 12 = 108$ $10 \times 12 = 120$ $11 \times 12 = 132$ $12 \times 12 = 144$
Progression Step 3	Grid method						
	Τυ Χ Τυ	Children w	vill approx	cimate fir	rst		
		56 x 27 is	approxim	nately 60	× 30 = 18	800	
		×	20	7			
		50	1000	350			1000
						+	350
		6	120	42		+	120
						+	42
	(Scan the QR code to see a pupil					<u>-</u>	1512
	demonstrating)						1512
	ΗΤU Χ Τυ						
		235 x 24 i	s approxi	mately24	10 x 20 =	4800	
		×	200	)	30	5	
		20	4000	) 6	00	100	
		4	800	) 12	20	20	
		40	00				
		+ 60	00				
		+ 10					
		+ 0	20				
		+ 2	20				
		<u>574</u>	0				

Multiplying decimals	x 4 0.9 3 12 2.7 12 + 2.7 = 14.7
Column Method TU × U (Scan the QR code to see a pupil demonstrating)	23 × 8 20 times 8 is 160, add the 'carried' 20 is 180 30 60 from the 260 × 8 4 100 from the 180 2 carried' 20 from the 24 4 from the 24
Column Method HTU x U	$346 \times 9$ $40 \text{ times 9 is 360}$ $40 \text{ times 9 is 360}$ $40 \text{ times 9 is 360}$ $40 \text{ times 9 is 54}$ $50 \text{ is 410}$ $4$ $300 \text{ times 9 is}$ $2700, \text{ plus the}$ $346 \times 9$ $4 \text{ from the 54}$ $5 \text{ 3000 from}$ $4 \text{ 5}$ $3000 \text{ from the 3100}$ $310 \text{ from the 54}$ $3000 \text{ from the 410}$





### PROGRESSION THROUGH CALCULATIONS FOR DIVISION

	Division Steps		
Progression Step 1	Divide objects equally		
	Count every 2,5 and 10.	(S), 40 (S), 4	
	Count confidently to share objects correctly.	6 oranges shared between 2 people, how many do they each get? 6 oranges shared between 2 people, how many do they each get?	
	(Scan the QR code to see a pupil demonstrating)		

	Group objects into sets of 2,5 or 10	23 2 1 23
		$\bullet \bullet $
Progression Step 2	Use 2,3,4,5 and 10 times tables.	2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	Group numbers	How many groups of 3 in 18?
	using a number line.	
	Use the symbols =	10 ÷ 5 =
	and ÷ to complete	8 ÷ = 2
	number sentences.	
Progression step 3	Short Division <u>Method</u> Use multiplication knowledge to divide numbers into specific numbers.	TU ÷ U 72 ÷ 3 $3 \frac{24}{3 \cdot 7_{1}2}$ Answer = 24
	demonstrating)	HTU ÷ U
	(Scan the QR code to	196 ÷ 6 <u>032 r 4</u> <u>6 ) 1<sub>1</sub>9<sub>1</sub>6</u>
	see a pupil demonstratina)	Answer = 32 remainder 4

Pupils will have a range of calculation methods, mental and writen. Selection will depend on numbers involved.

Pupils should not be made to go onto the next stage if:

- 1. They are not ready
- 2. They are not confident

Pupils should be encouraged to approximate their answers before calculting.

Pupils should be encouraged to check their answers after calculating using an appropriate strategy.

Pupils should be encouraged to consider if a mental calculationwould be appropriate before using written methods.

## Additional Online Resources

